		21 <sup>st</sup> Century Media				
Unit 1: Rules, Laws and Styles – 3 weeks						
Standards	Reading – Literary/Informational Writing		Speaking & Listening	Language/Conventions		
	Read closely to cite, analyze and infer appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Produce clear and consistent evidence based writing appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Present and respond to information appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Demonstrate command of grammar, usage and language appropriate to task, purpose and audience.		
Instructional	1 – cite textual evidence / draw	4 – clear and coherent writing	1 – prepare and participate	1 – command of grammar and		
Focus Standards	inferences	6 – use technology to produce	4 – presentation of	usage		
FUCUS Stanuarus	5 – analyze structure	10 – range of writing	information	6 – range of general academic		
	7 – analyze in two different		6 – adapt speech to contexts	and domain – specific words		
	mediums					
Essential	How does a media outlet develop	•				
Questions:	What ethics should a journalist ad	lhere to?				
Questions.	What freedoms and responsibilities are associated with the first amendment?					
	How does media influence the general populous?					
	What technologies exist and are available to use for the creation of media?					
	Why is being able to think and work independently especially important in the media industry?					
Enduring	Journalists have a responsibility to		ectively.			
Understandings:	Misuse of the first amendment can lead to consequences.					
0	Once something is shared it cannot be unshared, you are liable for what it is posted.					
	Media uses propaganda techniques and rhetorical devices to influence a variety of audiences.					
		od speakers use their personal awareness, as well as audience awareness to build credibility and influence.				
	It is necessary to work within the bounds of the technology that is available and to anticipate possible obstacles.					
	Individuals are expected to work in	ndependently and with varying de		the work place.		
Assessments:	Formative		Summative			
	Viewing and analyzing media (social media, newscast, PSA,		Analysis of a Media Source			
	documentary, commercial, music	video, etc)				
	Technology-Based Tasks		Identity and the Media Project (criticalmediaproject.com)			
	Collaborative Discussion					
	Revision Process					

## [U-46 ELA ELECTIVES: 21ST CENTURY MEDIA] 2018-2025

Leeveing	I can analyze the way modern media impacts the world	around me			
Learning	I can apply use of first amendment law to various media outlets.				
Objectives	I can analyze the use of filming techniques in media.				
	I can work within the confines of available technology. I can evaluate the journalists bias and motive for public	ations			
		ations.			
Academic	Copyright Law	Bias			
Vocabulary	Fair use	Subjective / Objective			
vocabalaly	Ethics	Questioning Styles			
	Media	Story Angle			
	Mass Media	Commercialism			
	Media Literacy				
Recommended	Modern Art				
Text Selections	Documentary				
	Broadcast News				
	Tutorials				
	Music Videos				
	Short Films				
	Feature Films				
	Propaganda				
	Informational				
Ongoing	Weekly Public Speaking (on camera or to the class)				
Practices:	Writer's Workshop				
Flattices.	Critique/Feedback				
	Independent Writing				
	Presentation of Works				
	Production Meetings				
	Analysis of Existing Media				
	Tech Training				
	Revision/Editing				

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21 <sup>st</sup> Century Media Unit 2: Pre-writing, Storyboards, Pilots – 6 weeks						
Standards	Reading – Literary/Informational	Writing	Speaking & Listening Language/Conventions			
	Read closely to cite, analyze and infer appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Produce clear and consistent evidence based writing appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Present and respond to information appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Demonstrate command of grammar, usage and language appropriate to task, purpose and audience.		
Instructional Focus Standards	<ul> <li>1 - cite textual evidence / draw inferences</li> <li>3 - analyze characters / events</li> <li>4 - determine meanings of words and phrases</li> <li>5 - analyze structure</li> </ul>	3 - narrative 4 – clear and coherent writing	<ul> <li>1 – prepare and participate</li> <li>4 – presentation of</li> <li>information</li> <li>6 – adapt speech to contexts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 – command of grammar and usage</li> <li>6 – range of general academic and domain – specific words</li> </ul>		
Essential Questions: Enduring Understandings:	How does media influence the general populous? What habits do good speakers use and avoid when presenting? How does the use of digital tools enhance a media publication? What technologies exist and are available to use for the creation of media? Why is being able to think and work independently especially important in the media industry? Media uses propaganda techniques and rhetorical devices to influence a variety of audiences. Good speakers use their personal awareness, as well as audience awareness to build credibility and influence. It is necessary to work within the bounds of the technology that is available and to anticipate possible obstacles.					
	Individuals are expected to work independently and with varying degrees of autonomy to produce in the work place.					
Assessments:	Formative Viewing and analyzing media (social media, newscast, PSA, documentary, commercial, music video, etc) Editing exercises Formal treatments/proposals Script Writing Technology-Based Tasks Collaborative Discussion Revision Process Short Public Speaking Presentations		Script Script Proposal for Production			

Learning	I can self-direct.				
Objectives	I can collaborate with my peers using appropriate communication skills.				
Objectives	I can analyze the way modern media impacts the world around me.				
	I can use exemplars to enhance my creations.				
	I can analyze the use of filming techniques in media.				
	I can identify obstacles that might inhibit work on my project.				
	I can effectively compose and edit short films.				
	I can edit the work of others to increase marketability.				
	I can work within the confines of available technology.				
	I can compose formal treatments and proposals.				
	I can create a work plan to support the accomplishment of my goal	ls.			
Academic	Pilots	PSA – Public Service Announcement			
Vocabulary	Subjective	Propoganda			
vocabulary	Objective	Rhetorical			
	Lead	Statistics			
	Quote	B-role			
	Storyboard	Pica			
	Style books	Cropping			
	Intertextuality	Photoshop			
		Adobe Basics			
Recommended	Modern Art	Short Films			
Text Selections	Documentary	Feature Films			
	Broadcast News	Propaganda			
	Tutorials Informational				
	Music Videos				
Ongoing	Weekly Public Speaking (on camera or to the class)				
Practices:	Writer's Workshop				
Flactices.	Critique/Feedback				
	Independent Writing				
	Presentation of Works				
	Production Meetings				
	Analysis of Existing Media				
	Tech Training				
	Revision/Editing				

21 <sup>st</sup> Century Media Unit 3: Story Angles –9 weeks						
Standards	Reading – Literary/Informational Writing		Speaking & Listening		Language/Conventions	
Standards	Read closely to cite, analyze and infer appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Produce clear and evidence based we appropriate to tas and audience.	iting	Present and respond to information appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	Demonstrate command of grammar, usage and language appropriate to task, purpose and audience.	
Instructional Focus Standards	<ul> <li>1 – cite textual evidence / draw inferences</li> <li>7 – analyze in two different mediums</li> </ul>	4 – clear and cohe 5 – writing process 6 – technology to 8 – gather sources	oroduce	<ul> <li>1 – prepare and participate</li> <li>4 – presentation of knowledge</li> <li>6 – adapt speech to contexts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 – command of grammar and usage</li> <li>2 – command of capitalization, punctuation and spelling</li> <li>6 - range of general academic and domain-specific words</li> </ul>	
Essential Questions:	How can independence be achieved while producing projects? Why is it important to adhere to the conventions of writing? How do different technologies impact presentations? Which communicative techniques are most effective when collaborating with others on a creative level? Why should style be varied depending on audience and media type?					
Enduring Understandings:	Independence in the production of media is achieved through clarity of vision, knowledge of technology, and a firm grasp of the norms of the genre. Adhering to the conventions of script writing contributes to the ease of reading for the actors and tech crew, while also helping to legitimize the script to the audience. The use of different platforms can enhance and change the way a project is presented and the message the audience receives. Team members communicate verbally and written, as well as using body language. All of which can set the tone and attitude of the session and establish the success of the session. Producers meet the needs and desires of their intended audience.					
Assessments:	FormativeSummativeViewing and analyzing media (social media, newscast, PSA, documentary, commercial, music video, etc)Broadcast Journalist Project (print and video) Socratic Seminar about ProductionsEditing exercises Formal treatments/proposals Research SkillsFormal treatments/proposals					

## [U-46 ELA ELECTIVES: 21ST CENTURY MEDIA] 201

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	Script Writing			
	Technology-Based Tasks			
	Collaborative Discussion			
	Filming Techniques			
	Storyboarding			
	Technical Vocabulary			
Learning	I can conduct myself professionally in a group.			
Objectives	I can adjust my presentations based on different a	udiences.		
Objectives	I can adhere to the conventions of script writing.			
	I can communicate information that is appropriate	to task, purpose, ar	nd audience.	
	I can use a variety of platforms to present my worl	to the public.		
	I can experiment with a variety of film styles.			
	I can glean pertinent information to support my id			
	I can set appropriate goals and deadlines in order	to see a project to co	ompletion.	
	I can ask questions to clarify a director's vision for	a project.		
	I can use domain-specific vocabulary to communic	ate information effe	ctively.	
Academic	FOIA Focus		Background	
Vocabulary	Editing Theme		Privacy	
vocubulary	Revising Pertine	nt	Direction	
	Cutting Credits		Production	
	Audacity Cinema	tography	Advertising	
	Dialogue Lighting	S	Public Domain	
	Mood Green S		Copyright	
Recommended	Modern Art	Short	Films	
<b>Text Selections</b>	Documentary	Featu	re Films	
	Broadcast News	Propa	Ŧ	
	Tutorials	Inforn	national	
	Music Videos			
Ongoing	Weekly Public Speaking (on camera or to the class	Produ	ction Meetings	
Practices:	Writer's Workshop	Analys	sis of Existing Media	
	Critique/Feedback	Tech 1	Tech Training	
	Independent Writing	Revisi	on/Editing	
	Presentation of Works			